# Thesis Proposal

## Twin Rivers Elementary & Intermediate School McKeesport, PA

This proposal outlines the construction analyses and related breadth that

will be studied during the Spring 2014 semester on the Twin Rivers

Elementary & Intermediate School.

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### **Executive Summary**

The purpose of Thesis Proposal is to identify and overview four research analyses areas to be performed over the duration of spring 2014 on the construction of Twin River's School project. For each analysis topic, the problem and goal are stated. Possible research and analysis components are found. Expected study results are stated.

#### **Analysis 1: BIM Implementation**

As studied in Technical Report Two and Three, there were several key activities and change of design that caused increased costs and schedule delays. These problems could have been overcome with greater utilization of BIM to facilitate cooperation between different trades. BIM could be used as an alternative construction method through phase planning and information management. This is one of the leading industry trends as discussed at PACE Roundtable Conference. The implementation of BIM would also help to realize owner's goal to make this project a role model of high performance educational facility.

#### **Analysis 2: LEED Implementation**

One of the owner's goals for Twin River's School project is to build a district scientific educational facility as well as housing two schools. This project is aiming for a LEED Gold Certificate by completion. There are a lot of LEED features incorporated in the design. However, in current design some LEED features are only incorporated for showcase purpose. It is proposed to have the renewable energy design to produce energy for the project. Life cycle cost analysis will be conducted to compare the cost and benefits of both systems. Day-lighting system will also be studied for further improvement.

#### **Analysis 3: Schedule Acceleration**

The construction of Twin River's School is scheduled to be completed within 11 months. Due to this project is the construction of a public school, the substantial completion date was extremely important to the owner. The possibility of rearranging the activity sequences and overlapping activity would be studied for schedule acceleration purpose. Implementation of SIPS method would also be analyzed.

#### Analysis 4: Value Engineering

The owner, the project team and the designer have worked together on this project to implement value engineering. The areas of value engineering implementation include update material and equipment and update design. However, due to the limitation of planning time, some value engineering ideas is restraint to be update of material. The possibility of cost reduction from combining two 120V distribution systems into one 480V distribution system without changing EMT conduits to MC cables will be studied. The potential cost saving from re-design the roof with light-weight metal decking instead of doing multiple roof structural system makeover would also be considered.

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### **Project Background**

The construction project of McKeesport Elementary/Intermediate School is a public school construction project on the site of demolished Cornell Elementary School at McKeesport, PA. The project has two stories above ground with a clearstory level.

The building structure is almost symmetric with the central core and two wings housing the elementary school and the intermediate school separately. The construction started in February 2013 and is planning to be completed by January 2014. Completion date is one of the owner's major concerns since the owner, McKeesport School District, would like to have the project completed and up for running starting the spring school semester in 2014.

Another key feature of this project is LEED implementation. The project is aiming for a USGBC LEED Gold Certificate by completion. There are a lot of LEED features incorporated in the design. Part of the exterior walls is curtain wall to improve day lighting. Grey water capture system will be installed to collect and recycle rainwater for use in toilets. Geothermal system will be utilized in addition to the hot water boilers to support the heating system. Two small-scale pole mounted wind turbines will be installed to the northeast corner of the building for educational usage.

Other than project schedule, cost is also one of the owner's major concerns. There have been several implementation of value engineering.

### **Analysis 1: BIM Implementation**

### **Problem Identification**

As stated in Technical Report Three, there was a lot of waste of time when the project team, the owner and the designer are trying to communicate and collaborate due the issue of the ownership of the model and information on Twin River's School Project. One of the biggest risks to project completion is that half way through construction, the project team received a request of change of design from Pennsylvania's Department of Environmental Protection due to the deficiency of design in sediment and erosion control which ended up with \$156,275.00 addition of project value. There have been other changes of design on the project due to different reasons. Lead times of the material, redesign and the approval of submittal caused an approximate delay of total 4-5 weeks.

#### **Background Research**

A background research was conducted after this problem was identified. The primary reasons caused the design changes and delay is the lack of cooperation between different trades. Also, there was no plan regarding site work under extreme weather conditions. The application of BIM could have benefited the overall project cost and schedule. Different BIM uses including clash detection will be considered and compared in terms of potential benefits and ability to increase project value by reducing schedule and reduce unexpected add of project value. The Pennsylvania State University BIM Execution Planning Guide will be used to facilitate the analysis.

### **Analysis Components**

The analysis of BIM implementation will focus on information management systems on the project to improve the collaboration between different trades and subcontractors. Possible ways to standardize the information management system, ownership and access to the central model, drawings, as-built drawings will be considered. The cost difference and other benefits of using synchronization of programs and tools for information management will be studied. A project remediation plan should be prepared between different trades using BIM method as a reference for extreme site conditions.

### **Expected Outcome**

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As discussed at the PACE Conference, possible solutions for information management are to develop mutual agreement on the ownership of the drawings and model to minimize the inconvenience. This study is expected to show a result of improvement of project schedule and reduction of project cost for activities due to lack of coordination. Differences between the traditional construction method and building information model construction method will be thoroughly studies in terms of site planning, information management, as-built drawings construction system design and operation and maintenance plan.

PLAN	DESIGN	CONSTRUCT	OPERATE
Existing Conditions Model	ing		
Cost Estimation			
Phase Planning			
Programming			
Site Analysis			
Design	Reviews		
	Design Authoring		
	Structural Analysis		
	Lighting Analysis		
	Energy Analysis		
	Mechanical Analysis		
	Other Eng. Analysis		
	LEED Evaluation		
	Code Validation		
	3D Coo	rdination	
		Site Utilization Planning	
		Construction System Design	
		Digital Fabrication	
		3D Control and Planning	
		Record Model	
			Maintenance Scheduling
			Building System Analysis
			Asset Management
Primary BIM Uses			Space Mgmt/Tracking
Secondary BIM Uses			Disaster Planning

### **Analysis 2: LEED Implementation**

### **Problem Identification**

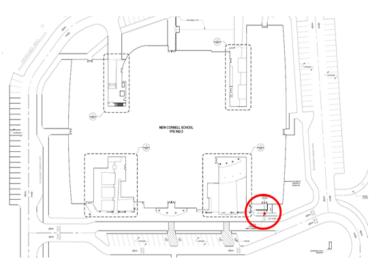
One of the owner's goals for Twin River's School project is to build a district scientific educational facility as well as housing two schools. This project is aiming for a LEED Gold Certificate by completion. There are a lot of LEED features incorporated in the design. Part of the exterior walls is curtain wall to improve day lighting. Grey water capture system will be installed to collect and recycle rainwater for use in toilets. Geothermal system will be utilized in addition to the hot water boilers to

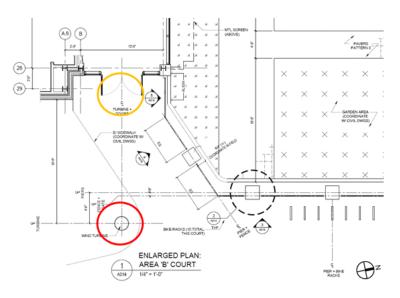
support the heating system. Two small-scale pole mounted wind turbines will be installed to the northeast corner of the building for educational usage. However the wind turbines will only be used as showcase purpose. Since the pole-mounted wind turbines are already incorporated in the design, there is a possibility of produce energy out of it without too much additional cost.

### **Background Research**

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The rooftop wind turbine units have relatively low initial and maintenance costs compared with pole-mounted units which are already incorporated in current design. They also have the advantage of easy installation for multiple units. The addition of rooftop wind turbine units should be able to greatly increase the amount of self-produced energy and reduce additional energy purchase; thus reducing building operation cost in the long run.





### Proposal 2013

The current design of the building enclosure is curtain wall with metallic shading panels on partial of wall system to enhance day-lighting. A study of day-lighting improvement will be performed.

### **Analysis Components**

The possibility of adding rooftop wind turbine units to increase the selfproduced energy will be studied. An initial cost versus life cycle analysis will be performed to examine the chances of cost reduction in energy purchase for this project. Additional electrical distribution panel may be beneficial for the electricity



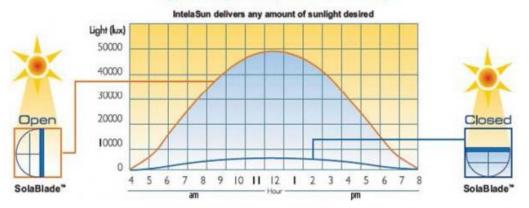
produced in the showcase room to be distributed for building use. LEED implementation among northeastern public schools will be studied. The effectiveness of the current design compared to the design with intelligent dynamic day-lighting system will be analyzed. The ControLite<sup>®</sup> Intelligent Dynamic Day-lighting Systems is proposed to substitute the curtain wall with metallic panels.

### **Expected Outcome**

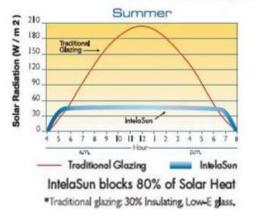
On-site renewable energy production is expected to help the project to gain additional LEED points in sustainability category. Public schools' part in advancing the changing over from conventional energy source to renewable energy will be studied. The purpose of the study is to seek potential life time cost saving and to establish a role model for sustainable educational facility.

The purpose of this study is to examine the possible increase of energy lost in winter or waste of cooling energy in summer from the design of curtain wall systems. The possible cost saving from energy usage versus the additional cost of the dynamic day-lighting system will be studied. This could also help with the owner's goal of creating a community science education center and enhance the LEED implementation on the project.

Typical Light (lux) vs Hour of Day



IntelaSun Compared to Traditional Glazing\*





IntelaSun Increases Daylight Transmission by 100%

### **Analysis 3: Schedule Acceleration**

### **Problem Identification**

The construction of Twin River's School is scheduled to be completed within 11 months. Due to this project is the construction of a public school, the substantial completion date was extremely important to the owner, the McKeesport School District, so that the school can start on time. 11 months is a rather tight time frame for a high performance education facility.

### **Background Research**

The symmetry of the building structure and similar design of the two wings create the opportunity for several schedule acceleration techniques. Since the two wings of the building are almost identical, it creates an opportunity for the project construction team to assign several crews to specific tasks, working from one zone to another to increase the efficiency and consequently speedup the schedule. The concept of SIPS schedule can be used to help with the schedule acceleration. Current project schedule has shown relatively long MEP fit-out time. The possibility of overlapping activities and rearranging MEP finishing sequences will be studied.

### **Analysis Components**

The implementation of SIPS method would also help to improve the safety on the site. Fewer conflicts between different trades are expected. The logistics of material staging will be studied to analyze the pros and cons of SIPS on an educational facility. The influence of rooftop structural components updates from Analysis 2 to project schedule will be studied. Each trade will be organized by subcontractor and their tasks. The sequence will be presented using a matrix schedule that highlights the presence of work crews in an area and the duration of time spent there. This matrix schedule will also be graphically organized to show the sequence in a section view of the building for better understanding.

### **Expected Outcome**

The purpose of this analysis is to identify the most critical tasks in MEP and finishes and develop a sequence of tasks utilizing a short interval production schedule (SIPS). The detailed duration of time for each task in typical zone on typical floor will be determined and sequenced accordingly. Project schedule is expected to be improved after re-sequencing and arranging the activities.

### **Analysis 4: Value Engineering**

#### **Problem Identification**

As analyzed in Technical Report Three, the owner, the project team and the designer worked together on this project to implement value engineering to the construction of Twin River's School Project. The areas of value engineering implementation include update material and equipment and update design. However, due to the limitation of planning time, some value engineering ideas is restraint to be update of material.

#### **Background Research**

The material changes on this project include changing the conduits from EMT to MC cables, changing the drywall framing material, updating the audio visual cable in classroom, updating the acoustic ceiling tiles, changing the gymnasium facilities and so on. The biggest update of design is the change of steel support of the clearstory level, the modification of rain water capture system over the music room and the metal decking over the library room towards the west corner of the core of the project. There is a possibility of redesign of the steel deck might bring a lower total cost than a makeover for the decking over library and a different support over clearstory level.

The second highest value of change of design is changing the conduits from EMT to MC Cable. In order to realize the goal of increase project value, to construct a high performance education facility with relatively low cost, it might be a better idea of substitute the two existing 120V distribution panels by one 480V distribution panel.

#### **Analysis Components**

The cost difference of two 120V distribution system versus one 480V system and will be studied. An alternative light-weight metal decking system will be considered instead of the current design of mostly wide-ribbed galvanized metal decking. The impact on construction schedule of both changes would be analyzed. The SIPS implementation would be incorporated in the consideration of both systems to optimize the project schedule and add value to the project. The risk of possible higher equipment maintenance cost should also be analyzed.

### **Expected Outcome**

The value engineering implementation on this project all correlate with the owner's goal to construction and effective education facility for the school district within the project budget. The update on building material will increase the project value and the project overall quality. The upgrade of design will facilitate the pursuit of LEED Certificate of the project and helps to achieve the owner's goal.

### **Electrical Breadth: Alternative Distribution System**

As studied in Technical Report One, existing design of the electrical system have two power distributions of 208/120V. The possibility of having an additional electric distribution panel there should be analyzed. With the rooftop turbine units and the pole mounted wind turbine, power consumption of the building will decrease and thus reduce the building operation cost in long run. A life cycle cost analysis of the updated system compared to the original design will be done. As noted in Value Engineering section, the second highest value of change of design is changing the conduits from EMT to MC Cable. The possibility of changing of the distribution system into 480V will be studied for cost effectiveness consideration.

### Structural Breadth: Roof Decking Re-design

Analyzed in Technical Report Three, the biggest update of design is the change of steel support of the clearstory level, the modification of rain water capture system over the music room and the metal decking over the library room towards the west corner of the core of the project. There is a possibility of redesign of the steel deck might bring a lower total cost than a makeover for the decking over library and a different support over clearstory level.

### Conclusion

Upon completion of the four analyses, alternative construction methods for a high performance education facility will be determined. The goal of these analyses is to suggest areas of improvements in the process of construction and operation of educational facility similar to Twin River's School project. The analyses will be performed involving four core investigation areas including BIM Implementation, LEED Implementation, Schedule Acceleration and Value Engineering. These analyses will be conducted over the duration of spring 2014 and then compiled into a final thesis report. The findings will be presented to the Thesis Jury Panel and AE Faculty at the end of the spring semester.